

GODFREY-LEE PUBLIC SCHOOLS WYOMING, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

and

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

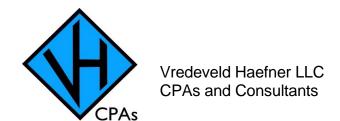


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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

September 25, 2017

Members of the Board of Education Godfrey-Lee Public Schools Wyoming, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Godfrey-Lee Public Schools, Wyoming, Michigan, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Godfrey-Lee Public Schools as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 11 and the schedules on pages 39 through 42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 25, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Urodovold Haefner LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



As management of the Godfrey-Lee Public Schools ("the District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the Basic Financial Statements and Supplemental Information. The Basic Financial Statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
 - Governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The Basic Financial Statements also include Notes to Basic Financial Statements that explain the information in the Basic Financial Statements and provide more detailed data. Supplemental Information follows and includes combining and individual fund statements.

District-wide Statements

The district-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position, and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, one should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax-base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.



In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are presented as follows:

 Governmental activities: The District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, instructional support, transportation, administration, community services, food service and athletics. State aid and property taxes finance most of these activities.

Condensed District-Wide Financial Information

The Statement of Net Position provides financial information on the District as a whole.

	2017	2016
Assets Current assets	\$5,877,931	\$6,288,691
Net capital assets	17,505,213	17,797,388
Total Assets	23,383,144	24,086,079
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,462,957	4,120,486
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	4,251,160	4,293,991
Long-term liabilities	43,694,156	43,926,232
Total Liabilities	47,945,316	48,220,223
Deferred Inflows of Resources	89,003	98,026
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	1,116,191	256,425
Restricted	492,393	747,819
Unrestricted	(21,796,802)	(21,115,928)
Total Net Position	\$(20,188,218)	\$(20,111,684)

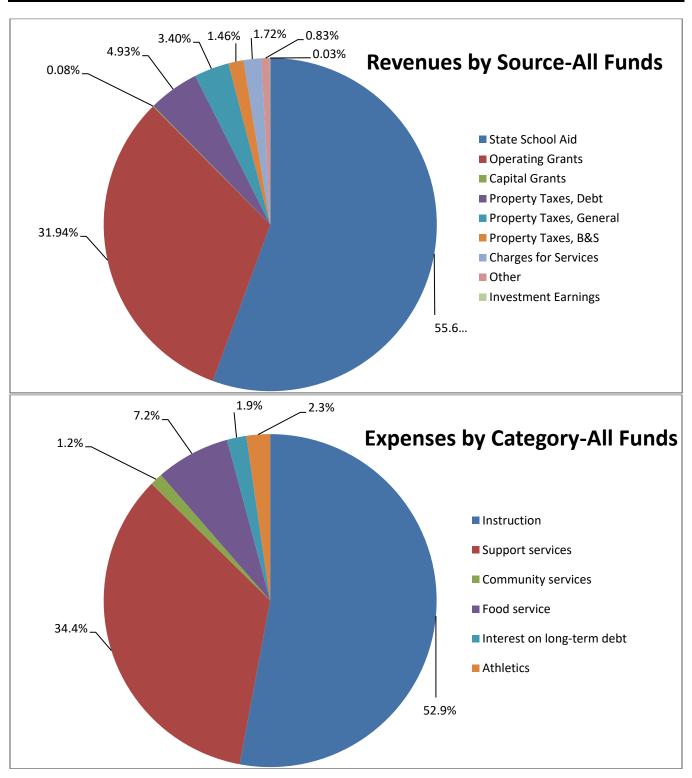
Net position of the District decreased from \$(20,111,684) to \$(20,188,218) at June 30, 2016 and 2017, respectively. The primary reason is due to additional staffing along with increased benefit related costs in addition to a wireless project that was completed during the year.



The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position from operating results:

	2017	2016
Program Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 419,177	\$ 243,060
Operating grants	7,796,939	7,445,439
Capital grants and contributions	19,173	-
General Revenues		
Property taxes	2,378,825	2,436,119
Unrestricted grants and contributions	13,572,072	13,373,352
Interest earnings	8,517	1,714
Other	201,934	204,610
Total Revenues	24,396,637	23,704,294
Total Novellace	24,000,001	20,704,204
Expenses		
Instruction	12,956,708	13,055,594
Supporting services	8,426,195	7,875,736
Community services	302,604	278,761
Food service	1,763,700	1,521,561
Athletics	560,885	503,295
Interest on long-term debt	463,079	486,937
Total Expenses	24,473,171	23,721,884
Change in net position	(76,534)	(17,590)
Net Position - Beginning of year	(20,111,684)	(20,094,094)
<i>5 ,</i>		
Net Position - End of year	\$(20,188,218)	\$(20,111,684)







Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. Growth during the year in grants and categorical funding were significant contributors to revenue increases.

The District's total revenues increased by \$692,343 (2.84%) to \$24.397 million. Unrestricted grants and contributions accounted for 55.6% of the revenues, while property taxes amounted to 9.8% of the revenues. Another 33.8% came from state and federal programs while the remainder from miscellaneous sources.

The total cost of all programs and services increased by \$751,287 (3.07%) to \$24.473 million. The District's expenses are predominantly related to instructional services which amount to 52.9% of the total. Salaries increased \$335,197 or 3.54% mainly due to step increases and an increase of our cost sharing agreement with our teaching staff based on prior year fund balance. Retirement costs increased by 7.68%, or \$262,814, mostly due to the increase in the overall retirement rates. Of note is a decrease in insurance costs of \$15,395 or -0.76% due to district personnel changes among plan types.

Total expenses surpassed revenues, decreasing net position by \$76,534 on the Statement of Activities.

The demographics of the District's neighborhood is a factor that contributes to increasing counts for free lunch students, which helps the District qualify for greater categorical assistance for at-risk students at all levels.

- Budgets for 2016-17 were originally created with with an estimated enrollment count of 1965 as compared to the prior year which produced a 90/10 blend of 1,968.44 full-time equivalent students for budget purposes. Actual blended count for the year was 1,968.39 which brought an increase in State school aid revenue over the original budgeted amount of over \$25,000 from prior year.
- Categoricals and other grants were budgeted as balanced grants based on preliminary estimates
 received by MDE. The District staff worked very hard to identify as many free lunch qualifiers as
 possible which resulted in increases in some categoricals such as 31a at risk funding.
- Collaboration with the surrounding districts continued to occur to help reduce expenditures in many
 areas. The six school districts in the southwest region of Kent County continued to work on ways to
 combine services where possible. All six districts joined the effort to transport special education and
 technical center students together and to work on combined trips where possible in other areas. There
 are also collaborative efforts working to reduce costs on bus maintenance, storage and fuel related
 costs.
- The \$24.473 million of governmental expenses was financed with approximately \$2.4 million in property taxes and approximately \$13.6 million of unrestricted grants and contributions which was primarily state aid based on the statewide education aid formula. State and Federal grant funding totaled nearly \$7.8 million.
- The administration will continue working with other districts in collaboration efforts for 2017-18.



Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

The District utilizes two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed, short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information following the governmental funds' statements explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as Student Activities Funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District uses funds to record and analyze financial information. Godfrey-Lee Public School's funds are described as follows:

Major Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund. The General Fund had total revenues of \$21,270,260, total expenditures of \$21,387,845 and net other financing uses of \$39,448. It ended the fiscal year with a fund balance of \$2,454,113, down from \$2,611,146 as of June 30, 2016 for a decrease of \$157,033.

Food Service Fund

The District operates one Special Revenue Fund, the Food Service Fund. Total revenues of the Food Service Fund were \$1,572,833 with total expenditures of \$1,739,663. The ending fund balance was \$419,150, a decrease of \$166,830.

Nonmajor Funds

<u>Debt Service Funds</u>

The District operates four Debt Service Funds. Total revenues were \$1,338,193, with net other financing sources of \$270,192 and total expenditures of \$1,695,067. The ending fund balances in the Debt Service Funds total \$73,213.



Capital Projects Fund

The District operates one capital project fund, the Building and Site Fund. This fund had total revenues of \$212,905, and total other financing uses of \$214,819 resulting in a fund balance of \$30 at June 30, 2017, down from \$1,944 at June 30, 2016.

Fiduciary Funds

The Student Activities Fund is operated as a Trust and Agency Fund of the District. The assets of this fund are being held for the benefit of the District's students. Balances on hand at June 30, 2017 totaled \$108,482.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget two times. These budget amendments fall into two categories:

- Changes made in the Fall to account for the final student enrollment that determines how much foundation grant state school aid will be received during the fiscal year and other grant related revenue changes.
- Expenditure changes due to updated staffing from the June budget estimate, classroom expenditure needs, technology upgrades and others.

Although the District's final budget for the General Fund anticipated that expenditures including financing uses would exceed revenues and financing sources by \$360,177, the actual results for the year show a \$157,033 decrease in fund balance which is \$203,144 better than projected.

- Actual revenues were \$345,621 less than expected. While some funding sources came in over as
 expected, others came in low mainly due to Federal and State grant funds not used which will be carried
 forward to the 2017-18 school year.
- Actual expenditures were \$548,561 less than expected. This was due mainly to the unspent Federal and State grant funds along with unspent miscellaneous line items.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of 2017, the District had \$28,787,416 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, computer equipment and software, and administrative offices. (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 5 in the Notes to Financial Statements.)

At June 30, 2017, the District's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) was \$17,505,213. Net capital asset purchases and deletions totaled \$412,148 for the fiscal year with net accumulated depreciation increasing \$704,323, leaving a net decrease in the book value of capital assets of \$(292,175).



Capital Asset and Debt Administration (cont'd)

Land	\$	618,754
Construction in progress		-
Land improvements		763,699
Buildings and improvements	15	5,036,342
Furniture and equipment		869,085
Vehicles		157,400
Equipment under capital leases		59,933

Total Capital Assets \$17,505,213

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$44.964 million in general obligation bonds, net pension liability and other long-term debt outstanding.

- The District continued to pay down its debt from the 2009, 2010, 2013 and 2016 bond issues and capital lease agreements.
- The District was able to meet their debt fund obligations without the need to borrow from the State School Bond Loan Program. A major reason for this was due to an increase on debt millage levy along with an increase in taxable value from the prior fiscal year.
- The District's bond rating for General Obligation, Unlimited Tax debt through Standard & Poor's is AA.
 The District's other obligations include staff related retirement incentives, capital leases payable and school bond loan fund. There is more detailed information about long-term liabilities in Note 7 in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District's proximity between Grand Rapids and Wyoming makes it a totally market driven district which
 must have the breadth of programs and updated infrastructure to compete in this age of choice in schools.
 The addition of new charters in recent years will also possibly impact student enrollment going forward.
- The State of Michigan approved a budget for the School Aid Fund in June 2017 for the 2017-2018 school year. The District will receive an increase of \$120 per pupil in unrestricted funds though the foundation allowance for the 2017-18 school year. This will help offset a projected decrease in student count for the District. The governor and legislature approved additional funding within the 31a at-risk categorical. Although the funds will not offset the growing costs of our buildings, it will help supplement educational programs such as EL staff.



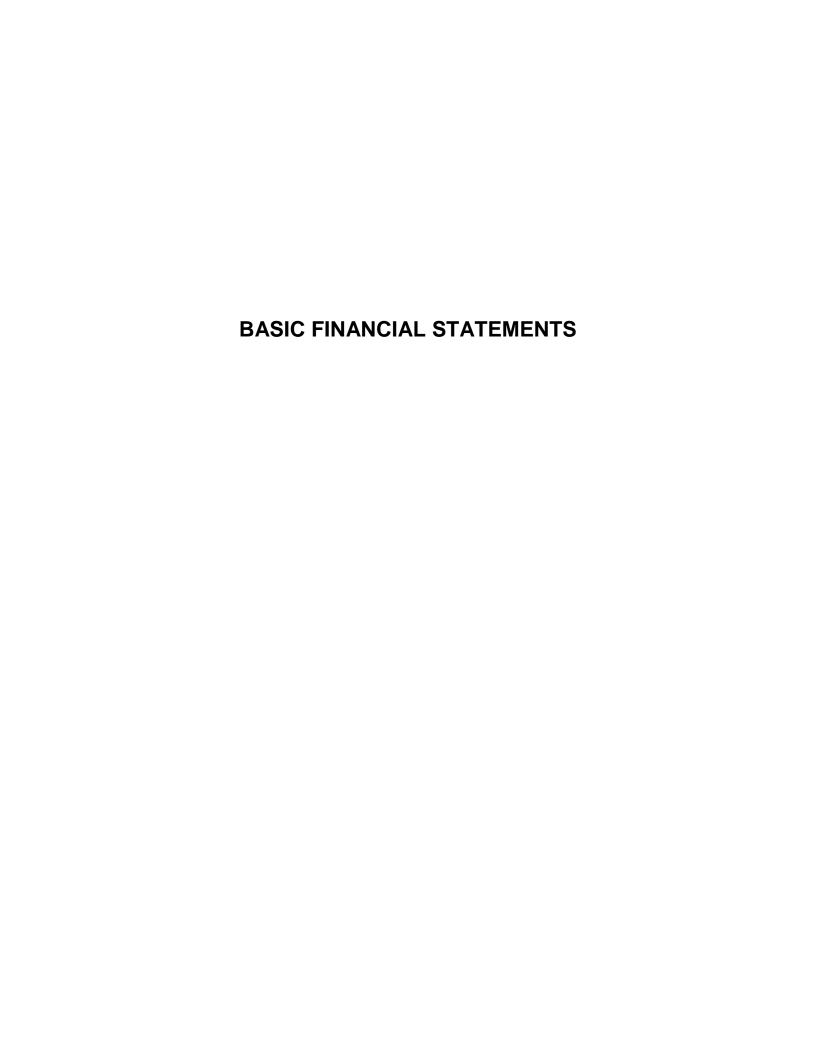
Factors Bearing on the District's Future (cont'd)

- The State of Michigan is slowly moving out of a decade-long economic slump but this has not yet translated into more higher-wage, full-time jobs. At this time that slump appears to be on the verge of leveling out. State school aid funding and property and sales tax collections that help to subsidize the State school aid fund for K-12 schools are sensitive to trends in economic growth in Michigan. Weak economic performance in Michigan generally means little or no growth in the State foundation grant (State school aid) to K-12 schools. The persistent weakness of the state economy along with an across the board weakening of real estate values in Michigan is a growing concern. The outlook for further increases in per pupil funding in the future and the State's ability to fund them continue to be more questionable now than at any time in recent memory. Growth in property tax valuations or assessments is expected to be noticeably less than historical rates of increase or may even be flat in some cases next year. Delinquency rates on property taxes are also increasing. These factors may lead to less or even reduced property tax collections by the State and local school districts resulting in an increase in borrowing for operating and debt expenditures.
- The governor and legislature approved a small increase in the foundation grant but much of the increase continues to be eaten up by unfunded liabilities in the teacher pension plan and increases in insurance costs. These costs represent a significant portion of our budget and continue to be a concern to management. At the same time, funding for traditional community-based public schools continues to be diluted by legislation allowing for additional brick-and-mortar charter public schools and on-line "cyber" schools.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Godfrey-Lee Public Schools, 1324 Burton St. SW, Wyoming, MI, 49509. Contact by e-mail: mprovost@godfrey-lee.org.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets	
Cash	\$ 2,178,363
Accounts receivable	257,769
Due from other governments	3,370,688
Prepaid items	52,285
Inventory	18,826
Capital assets, net	,
Land	618,754
Land improvements, buildings, furniture and equipment, vehicles	16,886,459
Total assets	23,383,144
Deferred outflows of resources	
Loss on bond refunding	178,321
Deferred outflows related to pension	4,284,636
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,462,957
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	164,333
Accrued payroll	946,517
Due to other governments	730,742
State aid note	995,000
Unearned revenue	144,927
Noncurrent liabilities	
Compensated absences	212,243
Bond premium	31,810
Net pension liability	28,330,722
Due within one year	1,269,641
Due in more than one year	15,119,381
Total liabilities	47,945,316
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	89,003
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,116,191
Restricted for	
Food service	419,150
Capital projects	30
Debt service	73,213
Unrestricted deficit	(21,796,802)
Total net position	\$ (20,188,218)

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Program Revenues									
				Operating		Capital		•			
		С	Charges		Charges		Frants and	Gı	ants and	Ne	et (Expense)
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for	Services	Co	ntributions	Cor	ntributions		Revenue		
Primary government											
Governmental activities											
Instruction	\$ 12,956,708	\$	640	\$	6,007,634	\$	-	\$	(6,948,434)		
Support services	8,426,195		255,986		380,271		19,173		(7,770,765)		
Community services	302,604		-		-		-		(302,604)		
Food service	1,763,700		162,551		1,409,034		-		(192,115)		
Athletic	560,885		-		-		-		(560,885)		
Interest on long-term debt	463,079			_	<u>-</u>			_	(463,079)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 24,473,171	\$	419,177	\$	7,796,939	\$	19,173		(16,237,882)		
General revenues											
Property taxes											
Operating									830,003		
Debt									1,191,358		
Capital improvements									357,464		
Unrestricted grants and contributions									13,572,072		
Interest earnings									8,517		
Other									201,934		
Total general revenues									16,161,348		
Change in net position									(76,534)		
Net position, beginning of year								_	(20,111,684)		
Net position, end of year								\$	(20,188,218)		

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2017

		General		Food Service		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		<u>Total</u>
Assets								
Cash	\$	1,716,832	\$	388,558	\$	72,973	\$	2,178,363
Accounts receivable		239,450		18,049		270		257,769
Due from other governments		3,307,885		62,803		-		3,370,688
Prepaid items		52,285		-		-		52,285
Inventory				18,826				18,826
Total assets	\$	5,316,452	\$	488,236	<u>\$</u>	73,243	\$	5,877,931
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	45,165	\$	69,074	\$		\$	114,239
Due to other governments	φ	730,730	φ	12	φ	-	φ	730,742
Accrued payroll		946,517		12		_		946,517
State aid note		995,000		_		_		995,000
Unearned revenue		144,927						144,927
Total liabilities		2,862,339	_	69,086				2,931,425
Fund balances								
Non-spendable								
Inventory		-		18,826		-		18,826
Prepaid items		52,285		-		-		52,285
Restricted								
Food service		-		400,324		-		400,324
Debt service		-		-		73,213		73,213
Capital projects		-		-		30		30
Assigned								
Subsequent year expenditures		361,740		-		-		361,740
Unassigned	-	2,040,088						2,040,088
Total fund balances		2,454,113		419,150		73,243		2,946,506
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,316,452	\$	488,236	\$	73,243	\$	5,877,931

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2017

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	2,946,506
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Add - capital assets (net)		17,505,213
Bond refunding losses are not expensed but are amortized over the life of the new bond issue.		
Add - loss on bond refundings		178,321
Certain liabilities and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Deduct - compensated absences payable		(212,243)
Deduct - debt payable	((16,389,022)
Deduct - net pension liability	((28,330,722)
Deduct - deferred inflows related to pensions		(89,003)
Add - deferred outfows related to pensions		4,284,636
Deduct - unamortized bond premium		(31,810)
Deduct - accrued interest on bonds		(50,094)

\$ (20,188,218)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net position of governmental activities

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Revenues	Gen	<u>eral</u>		Food <u>Service</u>		Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Local sources	\$ 1,2	91,110	\$	165,666	\$	1,551,098	\$	3,007,874
State sources		86,853	Ψ	42,410	Ψ	1,001,000	Ψ	17,129,263
Federal sources		68,445		1,364,757		_		2,833,202
Interdistrict sources		23,852		1,004,707		_		1,423,852
interdistrict sources		20,002					_	1,420,002
Total revenues	21,2	70,260		1,572,833		1,551,098		24,394,191
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction		61,557		-		-		12,261,557
Support services		26,390		-		-		8,726,390
Community services	2	86,226		-		-		286,226
Food service		-		1,739,663		-		1,739,663
Debt service								
Principal	1	08,360		-		1,394,520		1,502,880
Interest		5,312				300,547		305,859
Total expenditures	21,3	87,845	_	1,739,663		1,695,067		24,822,575
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1	17,585)	_	(166,830)		(143,969)		(428,384)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Capital leases/loans issued		13,479		_		_		13,479
Sale of capital assets		554		_		_		554
Insuance recoveries		1,892						001
Transfers in				_		338,491		338,491
Transfers out	(55,373)		_		(283,118)		(338,491)
						(===,:==)	_	(000,101)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(39,448)	_	<u>-</u>		55,373		14,033
Net changes in fund balances	(1	57,033)		(166,830)		(88,596)		(414,351)
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,6	11,146		585,980		161,839		3,358,965
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,4	54,113	\$	419,150	\$	73,243	\$	2,944,614

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (414,351)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Add - capital outlay Deduct - depreciation expense Deduct - loss on sale of fixed assets	479,953 (768,287) (1,949)
Long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing long-term debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Deduct - State school bond loan issued Deduct - capital leases issued Add - principal payment on bonds Add - principal payments on state school bond loans Add - principal payments on capital leases	(161,993) (13,479) 1,195,000 199,520 115,956
Some delinquent personal property taxes will not be collected for several years and are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	
Losses on bond refundings are amortized over the life of the new bond issue.	
Deduct - amortization of loss on bond refunding	(13,717)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Deduct - increase in compensated absences Add - increase in deferred outflows related to pensions Deduct - increase in net pension liability Add - decrease in deferred inflows related to pensions Add - decrease in early retirement incentive Add - decrease in accrued interest payable Add - amortization of bond premium	(8,714) 356,188 (1,061,445) 9,023 5,000 4,773 1,988
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (76,534)

AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

JUNE 30, 2017

Assets Cash	<u>\$ 108,482</u>
Total assets	\$ 108,482
Liabilities Due to student groups	<u>\$ 108,482</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 108,482

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Godfrey-Lee Public Schools, Wyoming, Michigan (the "District") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

Reporting Entity

The District is located in the County of Kent. The District provides education and related services to approximately 1,970 students in grades kindergarten through 12th and preschool. The District is governed by a seven member School Board elected by District residents and is administered by a superintendent appointed by the School Board.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of Godfrey-Lee Public Schools. There are no component units to be included. The criteria for including a component unit includes significant operational or financial relationships with the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported in total. The District has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Major governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Food Service Special Revenue Fund* is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for the food service program.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *Debt Service Funds* are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs of governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Funds account for the accumulation and disbursement of resources for the construction of capital projects.

The *Agency Fund* is used to account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity on behalf of outside parties, including other governments. The District maintains one agency fund.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund also uses the accrual basis of accounting, but does not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for reimbursement-based grants and interest which use one year. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized when due.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "flow of current financial resources" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance is considered a measure of "available, spendable resources".

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balances. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available, spendable resources" during a period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Comparisons to budget are adopted for General and Special Revenue funds. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, District administrative personnel and department heads work with the Superintendent and Business Manager to establish a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 and submits the budget to the Board of Education.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution. The operating budget is adopted by activity.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue funds.
- 5. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 6. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the District are governed by Michigan Law. The appropriation ordinances are based on the projected expenditures budget of the various activities of the District. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Michigan Law. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any activity must be approved by the School Board. The District amended its budget during the current fiscal year.

Cash and Investments

Michigan law and District policy authorizes the District to invest in:

- a. Bonds, bills or notes of the United States; obligations, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States, or obligations of the State. In a primary or fourth class school district, the bonds, bills or notes shall be payable at the option of the holder upon not more than 90 days' notice or, if not so payable, shall have maturity dates not more than 5 years after the purchase dates.
- b. Certificates of deposit issued by a state or national bank, savings accounts of a state or federal savings and loan association, or certificates of deposit or share certificates of a state or federal credit union organized and authorized to operate in this State.
- c. Commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States, United States or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, and bankers' acceptances issued by a bank that is a member of the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- e. Mutual funds that are composed entirely of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a school district.
- f. Investment pools, as authorized by the surplus funds investment pool act, composed entirely of instruments that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Due to and Due from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables are short-term borrowings that arise from interfund transactions which are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the Food Service fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the inventory is consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value (the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with an equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction) on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Depreciation on capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	10-20
Buildings and improvements	40-50
Furniture and equipment	3-10
Vehicles	5-10

Unavailable Revenue

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period or for resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Unearned Revenue

Funds report *unearned revenue* in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Where applicable, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs during the year of issuance. The face amount of debt issued and any premiums received are reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as an other financing use. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has several items that qualify for reporting in this category. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the refunding debt. The District also has items that qualify for reporting in this category relating to pension as itemized in Note 6.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has items that qualify for reporting in this category relating to pension as itemized in Note 6.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

Liabilities related to vested sick pay are not recorded in the fund financial statements but are recorded in the statement of net position because they are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Early Retirement Incentive

Eligible District employees who select early retirement are entitled to a termination leave benefit based on their age and years of service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

State Aid Revenue

The District reports State of Michigan school aid in the fiscal year in which the District is entitled to the revenue as provided by the State of Michigan School Aid Appropriation Act. State funding accounted for approximately 78% of the General fund revenue for the year. A certain portion of State Aid received by the District is restricted to cover specified expenses of the District, including special education costs. The unrestricted portion is for use in the general operations of the District.

Property Taxes

The District levies its property taxes July 1 which are due 75 days after the levy date. Taxes are collected and paid to the District by the City of Wyoming. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1 are turned over to the County for collection, which advances the District 100% for the delinquent real taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the City.

Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters and medical benefits to employees.

The District is a member of the West Michigan Risk Management Trust (the "Trust"), a self-insurance program with districts pooling together to insure property, liability and auto exposure. Premiums from members of the Trust are determined through standard underwriting procedures. The members of the Trust have contributed amounts sufficient to fund individual and aggregate losses up to \$250,000 and \$1,190,013. Excess insurance has been purchased to cover claims exceeding those amounts. A \$1,000 per occurrence deductible for property losses is maintained.

The District is also a member of the West Michigan Workers' Compensation Fund (the "WMWCF"), a self-insurance program with districts pooling together to insure workers' compensation or employers' liability exposures. The WMWCF pays the first \$450,000 of any workers' compensation or employers' liability loss out of a \$1,591,471 loss fund collected from members. Excess insurance has been purchased to cover claims exceeding those amounts. As of June 30, 2017 there were no material pending claims against the District.

The District carries commercial insurance for health, life and other employee insurance. The District has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net Position and Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental funds report fund balance in the following five categories:

- Non-spendable the related asset's form does not allow expenditure of the balance. The
 assets are either (a) not in a spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be
 maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance would be equal to inventory, prepaid items, noncurrent financial assets, and the nonspendable portion of endowments.
- 2. Restricted the related assets can only be spent for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or as identified in enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by formal resolution of the entity's governing board.
- 4. Assigned the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by management as authorized by the entity's governing board.
- 5. Unassigned is the residual classification and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Fund Balance can only be committed by resolution of the District's Board. The District Superintendent or his designee may assign fund balance as provided for by the Board. The District will maintain a minimum fund balance in its General fund ranging from 10 to 15% of the current year's actual expenditures and outgoing transfers. If the fund balance falls below the minimum 10%, the District will reduce recurring expenditures to eliminate any structural deficit, increase revenues or pursue other funding sources to replenish the funding deficiency.

Net Position and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position/fund balance and unrestricted – net position/fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

2. DEFICIT NET POSITION

At year-end the District reported a deficit net position of \$20,188,218.

3. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETARY FUNDS

State law provides that the District shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. In the body of the financial statements, the District's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgeted funds have been shown at the activity level. The approved budgets of the District for these budgetary funds were adopted at the activity level. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the District incurred expenditures in certain budgeted funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated.

General Fund	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Negative <u>Variance</u>
Support Services			
General administrative services	\$407,130	\$413,870	\$(6,740)
Business services	345,732	347,875	\$(2,143)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

4. CASH

The captions on the financial statements relating to cash are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Fiduciary <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash	\$2,178,363	\$108,482	\$2,286,845

These deposits are in financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the District and a specific fund or common account. They are recorded in the District's records at fair value.

Deposit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. As of year-end, \$2,624,072 of the District's bank balance of \$2,874,072 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance July 1,			Balance June 30,
	<u>2016</u>	Additions	Deletions	<u>2017</u> ´
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 618,754	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 618,754
Construction in progress	31,934	-	31,934	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	650,688	-	31,934	618,754
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Land improvements	2,356,412	11,739	-	2,368,151
Building and improvements	23,221,297	37,950	-	23,259,247
Furniture and equipment	2,210,380	448,720	57,856	2,601,244
Vehicles	405,149	-	9,950	395,199
Equipment under capital leases	150,096	13,479	-	163,575
Total capital assets, being depreciated	28,343,334	511,888	67,806	28,787,416
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	1,492,891	111,561	-	1,604,452
Building and improvements	7,753,482	469,423	-	8,222,905
Furniture and equipment	1,652,064	134,109	54,014	1,732,159
Vehicles	221,819	25,930	9,950	237,799
Equipment under capital leases	76,378	27,264	-	103,642
Total accumulated depreciation	11,196,634	768,287	63,964	11,900,957
Net capital assets, being depreciated	17,146,700	(256,399)	3842	16,886,459
				·
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$17,797,388	(256,399)	\$ 35,776	\$17,505,213

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities

Instruction	\$561,125
Supporting services	91,089
Community services	24,834
Food service	64,048
Athletic	27,191

Total depreciation expense - governmental activities \$768,287

6. PENSION PLAN

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits for are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Contributions and Funded Status

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2016 valuation will be amortized over a 20-year period for the 2016 fiscal year.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2016.

		Employer	
Benefit Structure	Member	Universities	Non-Universities
Basic	0.0-4.0%	22.60%	18.95%
Member Investment Plan	3.0-7.0	22.60	18.95
Pension Plus	3.0-6.4	N/A	17.73
Defined Contribution	0.0	17.73	14.56

Required contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$2,549,908 for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$28,330,722 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2016, the District's proportion was .11355371 percent, which was an increase of .00190889 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,256,314. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows Of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 353,076	\$67,145
Changes of assumptions	442,929	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		
investments	470,856	-
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions		
and proportionate share of contributions	1,618,905	21,858
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,398,870	-
Total	\$4,284,636	\$89,003

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	<u>Amount</u>
2017	\$779,145
2018	742,437
2019	1,107,506
2020	167,675

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date: September 30, 2015 Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age, Normal

Wage Inflation Rate: 3.5%

Investment Rate of Return:

- MIP and Basic Plans (Non-Hybrid): 8.0% - Pension Plus Plan (Hybrid): 7.0%

Projected Salary Increases: 3.5 - 12.3%, including wage inflation at 3.5% Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments: 3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members

Mortality:

RP-2000 Male and Female Combined Healthy Life Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 2014 valuation of the System. For retirees, 100% of the table rates were used. For active members, 80% of the table rates were used for

males and 70% of the table rates were used for females.

Notes:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2007 through 2012 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2014 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2016, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2015, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: [4.6273 for non-university employers 1.2456 for university employers]
- Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000.
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2016 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Return *
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.9%
Alternative Investment Pools	18.0%	9.2%
International Equity	16.0%	7.2%
Fixed Income Pools	10.5%	.9%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0%	4.3%
Absolute Return Pools	15.5%	6.0%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0%	0%
	100%	

^{*} Long-term rate of return does not include 2.1% inflation

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 8.0% was used to measure the total pension liability (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan, a hybrid plan provided through non-university employers only). This discount rate was based on the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 8.0% (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.0% (7.0% for the Hybrid Plan), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

	Current Single Discount Rate	
1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid) 7.0% / 6.0%	(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid) 8.0% / 7.0%	(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)* 9.0% / 8.0%
\$36,482,838	\$28,330,722	\$21,457,703

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

* University employers provide non-hybrid plans only. For non-university employers, the Basic plan and the Member Investment Plan (MIP) are non-hybrid plans. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan, with a defined benefit (pension) component and a defined contribution (DC) component.

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) Fiduciary Net PositionDetailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS CAFR, available at www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr.

Payables to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

At June 30, 2017, the District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan totaling \$175,206. The balance represents legally required contributions to the pension plan.

Defined Contribution Plan Description

Public Act 75 of 2010 established the Pension Plus Plan which provides all individuals hired on or after July 1, 2010, with a combined Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution benefit structure. Any member of MPSERS who became a member of MPSERS on or after July 1, 2010 is or may be a Pension Plus member.

Public Act 300 of 2012 was signed by the Governor on September 4, 2012, amending MPSERS system. An employee who first works September 4, 2012 or after joins the MPSERS system as a Pension Plus with Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF) member. Within 75 days of first being reported to ORS, these employees can elect to become straight Defined Contribution plan participants. The PHF must be retained with whichever benefit plan they elect. The plan becomes retroactive to their first day.

Employees under the Pension Plus Plan automatically default with an employee contribution of 2 percent of the employee's pay. The District is required to match 50 percent of the employee contribution up to 1 percent. Employees may increase their personal contribution up to the annual IRS limit or can elect out of contributing.

Employees under the straight Defined Contribution plan automatically default with an employee contribution of 6 percent of the employee's pay. The District is required to match 50 percent of the employee contribution up to 3 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, District and employee contributions were \$30,054 and \$59,105, respectively. These contributions are deposited into each participant's State of Michigan 457 Plan thru VOYA.

New plan provisions under Public Act 92 of 2017 make changes to the Defined Contribution Plan option starting October 1, 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Retirees have the option of health coverage which is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by the plan. The State of Michigan has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, hearing, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. All health care benefits are on a self-funded basis. A significant portion of the premium is paid by MPSERS with the balance deducted from the monthly pension. Pension recipients are eligible for fully paid Master Health Plan coverage and 90% paid Dental Plan, Vision Plan and Hearing Plan coverage with the following exceptions:

- 1. Retirees not yet eligible for Medicare coverage pay an amount equal to the Medicare Part B premiums.
- 2. Retirees with less than 30 years of service, who terminate employment after October 31, 1980 with vested deferred benefits, are eligible for partially employer paid health benefit coverage (no payment if less than 21 years of service).

Effective for the year ending June 30, 2018, the District will be required to implement a new reporting standard. This standard establishes new requirements for governments to report a "net OPEB liability" for the unfunded portion of its OPEB plan. Historically, governments have only been required to report a net OPEB obligation to the extent that they have not met the annual required contribution (ARC) in any given year. Upon implementation of this standard, governments will be required to report a net OPEB liability based on the funded status of the plan (actuarially accrued liability less plan assets). This liability will be reported on the accrual basis financial statements. Changes in this liability from year to year will largely be reflected on the accrual basis income statement, though certain amounts may be deferred and amortized over varying periods.

7. DEBT

Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, <u>2016</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2017</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
\$875,000 2009 General Obligation Refunding Bonds; due in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$60,000 through 2029; interest payable at 3.75% to 5.00%	\$660,000	\$ -	\$40,000	\$620,000	\$40,000
\$1,990,000 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds; due in annual installments of \$215,000 to \$255,000 through 2019; interest payable at 4.08%	740,000	-	240,000	500,000	245,000
\$2,200,000 2013 Building and Site Bonds; due in annual installments of \$80,000 to \$145,000 through 2033; interest payable at 2.00% to 4.00%	1,960,000	-	85,000	1,875,000	85,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

\$8,985,000 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds; due in annual installments of \$210,000 to \$830,000	Balance July 1, <u>2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2017</u>	Due Within One Year
through 2030; interest payable at 0.70% to 3.20%	\$ 8,985,000	\$ -	\$ 830,000	\$ 8,155,000	\$ 780,000
	12,345,000	-	1,195,000	11,150,000	1,150,000
Unamortized premium	33,798	-	1,988	31,810	-
State school bond loan	5,125,745	161,993	199,520	5,088,218	-
Capital leases and other obligations	253,281	13,479	115,956	150,804	119,641
Early retirement incentive	5,000	10,000	15,000	-	-
Compensated absences	203,529	42,012	33,298	212,243	-
Total Long-term Debt	\$17,966,353	\$227,484	\$1,560,762	\$16,633,075	\$1,269,641

The District is required to obtain loans from the Michigan School Bond Loan Fund (the MSBLF) for the payment of the annual maturities of its general obligation bonds. There is no fixed maturity schedule for the repayment of these loans. Instead, the principal and interest are payable when taxes levied for debt service are no longer needed to retire bonded debt. During the year the District borrowed \$0 from the MSBLF and \$161,993 of accrued interest was added to the District's liability to the MSBLF.

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on long-term bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023-2027 2028-2032	\$ 1,150,000 1,165,000 900,000 880,000 895,000 4,575,000 1,440,000	\$ 280,168 259,462 236,238 221,478 205,188 697,460 161,576
2033-2034	145,000	5,800
Total	\$11,150,000	\$2,067,370

Compensated absences are expected to be liquidated with General fund resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Short-term Debt

The following is a summary of short-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 1, <u>2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2017</u>
State aid anticipation note 0.94% due August 2016	\$995,000	\$ -	\$995,000	\$ -
State aid anticipation note 0.89% due August 2017	\$ -	\$995,000	\$ -	\$995,000

8. LEASES

The District conducts a portion of its operations with leased equipment.

Capital leases for copiers require monthly payments ranging from \$107 to \$1,485 through October 2021. Additionally, the District leases equipment which requires annual payments of \$4,064. Copiers and equipment held under this capitalized leases are included in the statement of net position with a cost of \$139,280 and with accumulated depreciation of \$79,895.

Total expense under these obligations was \$115,956 for 2017.

The following is a schedule of annual future minimum lease payments required under capitalized leases and under operating leases with initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2017:

<u>Year</u>	Capitalized <u>Leases</u>	Other Obligations	Less <u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$27,875	\$ 94,244	\$(2,477)	\$119,642
2019	23,382	-	-	23,382
2020	5,085	-	-	5,085
2021	2,695	-	-	2,695
Total minimum payments due	\$59,037	\$94,244	\$(2,477)	\$150,804

9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers are used to (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General fund to finance debt service accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and (2) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them. Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	<u>Transfers In</u>	Transfers Out
General fund	\$ -	\$ 55,373
Nonmajor governmental funds	338,491	283,118
	\$338,491	\$338,491

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

10. CONTINGENCIES

Under the terms of various Federal and State grants and regulatory requirements, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants and requirements. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor or regulatory agencies. However, management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material to the financial position of the District.

11. TAX ABATEMENTS

The District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax (IFT) exemptions granted by various cities and townships in the County of Kent. IFT exemptions entered into under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended, provide a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high tech facilities. An IFT certificate entitles the facility to exemption from ad valorem real and/or personal property taxes for a term of 1-12 years as determined by the local unit of government and is computed at half the local property tax millage rate, amounting to a reduction in property taxes of approximately 50%.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District's property tax revenues were reduced by the following as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions:

<u>Municipality</u>	<u>Amount</u>
City of Wyoming	<u>\$50,692</u>

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				Variance		
		Amounts	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amount</u>	(Negative)		
Local sources	\$ 1,312,832	\$ 1,323,073	\$ 1,291,110	\$ (31,963)		
State sources	16,965,947	17,187,792	17,086,853	(100,939)		
Federal sources	1,310,286	1,681,164	1,468,445	(212,719)		
Interdistrict sources	1,387,000	1,423,852	1,423,852			
Total revenues	20,976,065	21,615,881	21,270,260	(345,621)		
Expenditures						
Current						
Instruction						
Basic programs	9,126,277	9,285,763	9,210,603	75,160		
Added needs	3,065,771	3,053,936	2,923,745	130,191		
Adult education services	134,781	129,474	127,209	2,265		
	12,326,829	12,469,173	12,261,557	207,616		
Support services						
Pupil services	1,716,051	1,734,014	1,700,721	33,293		
Instructional staff services	1,433,507	1,709,586	1,535,065	174,521		
General administrative services	428,007	407,130	413,870	(6,740)		
School administrative services	1,153,238	1,138,368	1,111,124	27,244		
Business services Operation and maintenance	345,274 1,529,892	345,732 1,599,022	347,875 1,563,510	(2,143) 35,512		
Pupil transportation	497,518	552,420	536,899	15,521		
Central services	994,554	1,009,461	980,571	28,890		
Athletics	541,726	541,667	536,755	4,912		
, and acc	8,639,767	9,037,400	8,726,390	311,010		
Community services	238,710	315,085	286,226	28,859		
Debt service	113,659	114,748	113,672	1,076		
Debt service	110,009	114,740	110,072	1,070		
Total expenditures	21,318,965	21,936,406	21,387,845	548,561		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(342,900)	(320,525)	(117,585)	202,940		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Capital lease issued	-	13,479	13,479	-		
Sale of capital assets	-	350	554	204		
Insuance recoveries	(60,000)	1,892	1,892	-		
Transfers out	(60,000)	(55,373)	(55,373)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(60,000)	(39,652)	(39,448)	204		
Net changes in fund balance	(402,900)	(360,177)	(157,033)	203,144		
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,611,146	2,611,146	2,611,146			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,208,246	\$ 2,250,969	\$ 2,454,113	\$ 203,144		

FOOD SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual <u>Amount</u>		Variance Positive Negative)
Local sources	\$	174,691	\$	167,128	\$	165,666	\$	(1,462)
State sources	φ	35,637	φ	41,836	φ	42,410	φ	(1, 4 02) 574
Federal sources		1,427,600		1,364,307		1,364,757		450
r cuciui sources		1,427,000		1,004,007		1,004,707		700
Total revenues	_	1,637,928		1,573,271	_	1,572,833		(438)
Expenditures Current Supplies Food supplies Contracted services Other	_	78,158 685,383 632,542 173,495		80,000 746,057 668,650 291,950		75,056 740,561 650,630 273,416		
Total expenditures	_	1,569,578		1,786,657	_	1,739,663		46,994
Net changes in fund balance		68,350		(213,386)		(166,830)		46,556
Fund balance, beginning of year		585,980		585,980	_	585,980		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	654,330	\$	372,594	\$	419,150	\$	46,556

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPROTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (%)	0.11355%	0.11164%	0.10237%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,330,722	\$ 27,269,277	\$ 22,548,668
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,709,663	\$ 9,636,546	\$ 9,590,248
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll (%)	291.78%	282.98%	235.12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

Notes to schedule:

Amounts were determined as of September 30 of each fiscal year. Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in 2016. Changes of assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2016.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 2017	2016		2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 2,549,908	\$ 2,153,774	\$	2,014,199
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions *	 2,549,908	 2,153,774	_	2,014,199
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,677,268	\$ 9,541,399	\$	9,590,248
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	26.3%	22.6%		21.0%

^{*} Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions are the contributions an employer actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

Notes to schedule:

Amounts were determined as of June 30 of each fiscal year. Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in 2016.

Changes of assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2016.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES

_	
Revenues	
Local sources	*
Property taxes	\$ 830,003
Universal service funding	236,909
Donations	97,018
Interest	4,993
Athletic events	19,077
Other	103,110
Total local sources	1,291,110
State sources	
State aid	16,649,286
Special education - itinerants	54,890
Special education - transportation	255,994
Adult education	100,555
Other	26,128
Total state sources	17,086,853
Federal sources	
Title I	709,904
Title IIA	80,608
Title III	96,748
Adult basic education	42,000
I.D.E.A. program	449,242
Medicaid - school based	2,851
Team 21 grant	72,218
McKinney Vento homeless grant	4,055
WMU achievement centered leadership grant	10,819
Total federal sources	1,468,445
Interdistrict sources	
Special education - county	1,207,664
Medicaid fee for service	216,188
Total interdistrict sources	1,423,852
Total revenues	\$ 21,270,260

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

Expenditures	
Current	
Instruction	
Basic programs	
Elementary	\$ 4,267,147
Middle school	2,018,034
High school	2,892,397
Summer school	33,025
Total basic programs	9,210,603
Added needs	
	1 500 204
Special education	1,566,394
Compensatory education	1,354,227
Career and technology education	3,124
Total added needs	2,923,745
Adult education services	127,209
Total in standing	40 004 557
Total instruction	12,261,557
Support services	
Pupil services	
Attendance services	138,623
Guidance services	354,930
Health services	107,974
Psychological services	132,941
Speech pathology services	405,721
Social worker services	289,695
Teacher consultant services	16,209
Other pupil services	254,628
Total pupil services	1,700,721
Instructional staff services	
Improvement of instruction	932,128
Educational media services	197,120
Educational television	2,200
Instruction related technology	113,777
Supervision and direction of instruction	234,470
Testing support	55,370
resumg support	
Total instructional staff services	1,535,065
Canaral administrativa carvisca	
General administrative services Board of education	70 605
	73,665
Executive administration	340,205
Total general administrative services	413,870
35	
	(Continued)
	,

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

School administrative services Office of the principal	<u>\$ 1,111,124</u>
Business services Fiscal services Other business services	305,367 42,508
Total business services	347,875
Operation and maintenance Operation and maintenance Security	1,455,791 107,719
Total operation and maintenance	1,563,510
Pupil transportation	536,899
Central services Staff/personnel services Technology services Pupil accounting Other central services	119,194 758,566 68,859 33,952
Total central services	980,571
Athletics	536,755
Total support services	8,726,390
Community services	286,226
Debt service Principal Interest	108,360 5,312
Total debt service	113,672
Total expenditures	\$ 21,387,845
	(Concluded)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2017

	Debt Service										
		<u>2009</u>		Energy ervation		<u>2013</u>	<u>2016</u>				
Assets Cash Accounts receivable	\$	6,187 13	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	14,867 15	\$	51,911 220			
Total assets	\$	6,200	\$		<u>\$</u>	14,882	\$	52,131			
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$				
Fund balances Restricted						44.000		5 0.404			
Debt service Capital projects		6,200		<u>-</u>		14,882		52,131 			
Total fund balances		6,200		-		14,882		52,131			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,200	\$		\$	14,882	\$	52,131			

Pro Bu	apital ojects ilding d Site		<u>Total</u>
\$	8 22	\$	72,973 270
\$	30	<u>\$</u>	73,243
\$		\$	<u>-</u>
	30		73,213 30
	30		73,243
\$	30	\$	73,243

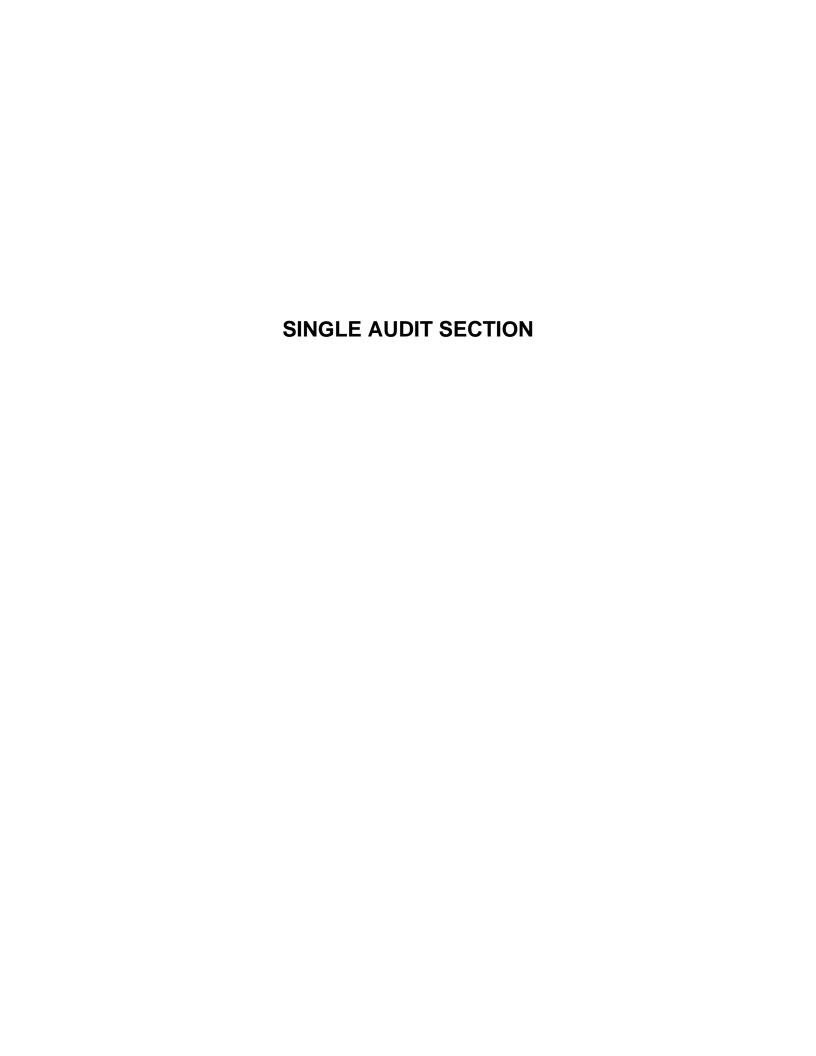
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Debt Service										
		<u>2009</u>	2010 Energy Conservation		<u>2013</u>	<u>2016</u>					
Revenues	ф	400,000	Φ.	Φ	445.000	Φ	4 000 040				
Local sources	\$	126,869	\$ -	\$	145,008	\$	1,066,316				
Expenditures Debt service											
Principal		92,639	240,000		85,000		976,881				
Interest		31,440	30,192		68,605		170,310				
Total expenditures		124,079	270,192		153,605		1,147,191				
Revenues over (under) expenditures		2,790	(270,192)		(8,597)		(80,875)				
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out		- -	270,192 		- -		- -				
Total other financing sources (uses)		_	270,192		_		_				
Net changes in fund balances		2,790	-		(8,597)		(80,875)				
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,410			23,479		133,006				
Fund balances, end of year	\$	6,200	<u>\$</u> _	\$	14,882	\$	52,131				

Capital Projects								
Building and Site	<u>Total</u>							
\$ 212,905	\$	1,551,098						
 - -		1,394,520 300,547						
 <u>-</u>		1,695,067						
212,905		(143,969)						
 68,299 (283,118)		338,491 (283,118)						
 (214,819)		55,373						
(1,914)		(88,596)						
 1,944		161,839						
\$ 30	\$	73,243						

AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	I <u>Ju</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	eductions	Balance June 30, 2017			
Assets Cash	\$	100,620	\$	245,385	\$	237,523	\$	108,482
Liabilities Due to student groups	<u>\$</u>	100,620	\$	245,385	\$	237,523	\$	108,482





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

September 25, 2017

Members of the Board of Education Godfrey-Lee Public Schools Wyoming, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Godfrey-Lee Public Schools, Wyoming, Michigan (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Uredoveld Haefner LLC



Vredeveld Haefner LLC

CPAs and Consultants 10302 20th Avenue Grand Rapids, MI 49534 Fax (616) 828-0307 Douglas J. Vredeveld, CPA (616) 446-7474 Peter S. Haefner, CPA (616) 460-9388

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

September 25, 2017

Members of the Board of Education Godfrey-Lee Public Schools Wyoming, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Godfrey-Lee Public Schools, Wyoming, Michigan's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Accrued				Accrued
Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor Program Title Grant Number	Federal CFDA Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	(Deferred) Revenue at	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Receipts (Cash Basis)	(Deferred) Revenue at June 30,2017
1 Togram Title Grant Number	Humber	Amount	ouly 1, 2010	Experientares	Experientares	(Ousii Dusis)	0011C 00,2017
U.S. Department of Education							
Passed through Michigan Department of Education							
Federal Adult Ed English							
161120 165347	84.002A	\$ 20,000	\$ 1,180	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 1,180	\$ -
171120 175347	84.002A	20,000	-	-	20,000	18,184	1,816
161130 161347	84.002A	28,600	9,780	28,600	-	9,780	-
171130 171347	84.002A	22,000	· -	· -	22,000	18,184	3,816
Total Federal Adult Ed English		90,600	10,960	48,600	42,000	47,328	5,632
Title I							
161530 1516	84.010	648,132	80,603	589,144	7,365	87,968	_
171530 1617	84.010	770,482	-	-	672,410	633,737	38,673
Total Title I	01.010	1,418,614	80,603	589,144	679,775	721,705	38,673
Title II/A							
160520 1516	84.367	118,572	8,137	83,576	4,515	12,652	_
170520 1617	84.367	96,650	0,107	-	76,093	77,299	(1,206)
Total Title II/A	04.007	215,222	8,137	83,576	80,608	89,951	(1,206)
T21. III							
Title III	04.005	440.470	0.404	00.055	44.770	04.007	
160580 1516	84.365	143,478	9,431	83,955	14,776	24,207	4.000
170580 1617 Total Title III	84.365	157,236 300,714	9,431	83,955	79,550 94,326	75,341 99,548	4,209 4,209
rotal ritle III		300,714	9,431	63,955	94,320	99,040	4,209
Total passed through Michigan Department of Educa	ation	2,025,150	109,131	805,275	896,709	958,532	47,308
Passed through Kent Intermediate School District							
Special Education Cluster							
IDEA Grants to States							
160450 1516	84.027A	416,795	83,517	416,795	-	83,517	-
170450 1617	84.027A	427,685	-	-	427,685	343,693	83,992
Total IDEA Grants to States		844,480	83,517	416,795	427,685	427,210	83,992
IDEA Preschool							
160460 1516	84.173A	18.335	3.528	18,335		3.528	
170460 1617	84.173A	21,557	3,320	10,555	21,557	17,411	4,146
Total IDEA Preschool	04.173A	39,892	3,528	18,335	21,557	20,939	4,146
		884,372	87,045	435,130	449,242	448,149	
Total Special Education Cluster		884,372	87,045	435,130	449,242	448,149	88,138
Total U.S. Department of Education		2,909,522	196,176	1,240,405	1,345,951	1,406,681	135,446
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Kent Intermediate School District Medical Assistance Program							
1516 Medicaid	93.778	2,459	1,767	1,767	692	1,767	692
1617 Medicaid	93.778	2,159	-	-	2,159	-	2,159
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		4,618	1,767	1,767	2,851	1,767	2,851

(continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor Fede Pass Through Grantor CFD Program Title Grant Number Numb		DA Grant Award Revenue at Prior Year		 rrent Year penditures	Current Year Receipts (Cash Basis)		Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30,2017				
U.S. Department of Agriculture											
Passed through Michigan Department of Education											
Nutrition Cluster											
Non-Cash Assistance (USDA Commodities)											
Entitlement Commodities	10.555	\$	112,008	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 112,008	\$	112,008	\$	
Cash Assistance											
Lunch Program											
1516	10.555		838,914	42,073	3	838,914	-		42,073		-
1617	10.555		817,918		-	-	817,918		783,255		34,663
Total Lunch Program			1,656,832	42,073	3	838,914	817,918		825,328		34,663
Breakfast Program											
1516	10.553		355,993	19,630	0	355,993	-		19,630		-
1617	10.553		346,870		-	· -	346,870		329,845		17,025
Total Breakfast Program			702,863	19,630	0	355,993	346,870		349,475		17,025
Total Cash Assistance			2,359,695	61,70	3	1,194,907	1,164,788		1,174,803		51,688
Total Nutrition Cluster			2,471,703	61,70	3	1,194,907	1,276,796		1,286,811		51,688
Child Care Food Program											
1516	10.558		85,807	2,96	7	85,807	-		2,967		_
1617	10.558		87,961	,	_	-	87,961		84,456		3,505
Total Child Care Food Program			173,768	2,96	7	85,807	87,961		87,423		3,505
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,645,471	64,670	0	1,280,714	1,364,757		1,374,234		55,193
Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$	5,559,611	\$ 262,61	3	\$ 2,522,886	\$ 2,713,559	\$	2,782,682	\$	193,490

(concluded)

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

- The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 2. Management has utilized the Cash Management System Grant Auditor Report in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.
- **3.** Reconciliation of revenues from federal sources per governmental funds financial statements and expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Revenues from federal sources per June 30, 2017 governmental funds financial statements \$ 2,833,202

Federal revenues not included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as the District is a vendor not a subrecipient of the pass through entity

(119,643)

Expenditures per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

\$ 2,713,559

4. The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered in Uniform Guidance section 2 CFR 200.414 indirect costs.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? yes none reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes Χ **Federal Awards** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? none reported Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance? yes X no Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 10.553, 10.555 **Nutrition Cluster** Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs: 750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X yes **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS** None noted **SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS** None noted **SECTION IV - SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS** 2016-001 The District should develop and implement a plan to reduce its net cash resources to the allowable limit. This finding has been resolved.